Char-Lynn®
Hydraulic Motors

No. 11-876 October 1997





General Purpose Motors A Series

We Manufacture



A Series



A Series

Gerotor Element 11 Displacements Flow LPM [GPM] 45 [12] Continuous** 57 [15] Intermittent* Speed Up to 1215 RPM Pressure Bar [PSI] ... 80 [1200] Cont. 115 [1700] Inter. Torque Nm [lb-in] 170 [1520] Cont. 295 [2635] Inter.

Char-Lynn A Series motors are designed for use in light duty applications, while providing many hours of dependable trouble free service. These A Series motors will provide all the power needed for light duty applications such as, augers, car wash brush drives, fishing gurdys, salt and sand spreaders, drill and tap drives in machine tools, and numerous other applications.

A Series Displacement Size = cubic centimeter per shaft revolution (cm³/r) cubic inch per shaft revolution ([in3/r])

- 36 [2.2] 46 [2.8]
- 59 [3.6]
- 74 [4.5]
- 97 [5.9]
- 120 [7.3]
- 146 [8.9]
- 159 [9.7]
- 185 [11.3]
- 231 [14.1]
- 293 [17.9]

Mounting Flange

- 2 Bolt (Standard) 82,6 [3.25] Pilot Dia. and 13,59 [.535] Dia. Mounting Holes 106,2 [4.18] Dia. B.C.
- 4 Bolt (Standard) 44.4 [1.75] Pilot Dia. and 3/8-16 Mounting Holes 82.6 [3.25] Dia. B.C.
 4 Bolt (Standard) 44.4 [1.75] Pilot Dia. and M10 x 1,5 Mounting Holes 82.6 [3.25] Dia. B.C.
 4 Bolt (Standard) 44.4 [1.75] Pilot Dia. and M10 x 1,5 Mounting Holes 82.6 [3.25] Dia. B.C.
- Output Shaft
- 1 inch Dia. Straight with Woodruff Key and 1/4-20 Threaded Hole
 1 inch Dia. SAE 6B Splined with 1/4-20 Threaded Hole
- 1 inch Dia. Straight with 7,9 [.31] Dia. Crosshole 11,2 [.44] from End
- 1 inch Dia. Straight with 10,2 [.40] Dia. Crosshole 15,7 [.62] from End and 1/4-20 Threaded Hole
- 1 inch Dia. Tapered with Woodruff Key and Nut
- 1 inch Dia. Straight with Woodruff Key and 1/4-20 Threaded Hole (Plated for Corrosion Protection) Port Type
- 7/8-14 O-ring
- 1/2-14 NPTF
- Manifold (5/16-18 Mounting Threads)
- 3/4-16 O-ring (End Ported)

Case Drain

- No Case Drain
- 7/16-20 O-ring Port End Cap

Special Features Available

- Reverse Rotation
- Flange Rotated 90°
- Corrosion Protected
- Viton[®] Shaft Seal
- · Free Running Gerotor
- Reduced Journal Leakage
- Low Speed Valve

Viton® is a Registered Trade Name of Dupont Corp.

^{**} Continuous— (Cont.) Continuous rating, motor may be run continuously at these ratings

^{*} Intermittent— (Inter.) Intermittent operation, 10% of every minute.



A Series

Shaft Seal

This high pressure shaft seal has a patented feature which allows the seal lip to follow shaft deflection, and therefore provides better sealing under high side load conditions. Deflection occurs as radial loads are applied to the output shaft. This time proven shaft seal design and construction is the same as that used in the popular Char-Lynn disc valve motors and is available in either buna or Viton®. With this shaft seal the motors can withstand high back pressures without an external case drain. The motors can be connected together in series, or parallel to one another.

Low Speed Valving

These motors with the low speed valving option provide very low speed while maintaining high torque. Designed to run continuously at up to 200 RPM at standard rated pressures and reduced flows, providing smooth operation at low speeds. Furthermore, they resist slippage and have more momentary load holding ability than the standard A Series motors. Motors with this valving are not intended for low pressure applications (41 Bar [600 PSI] Minimum). Shaft side / radial load ratings are not affected by this valving.

Free Running Motors

A Series motors can be ordered with a special gerotor to permit free running of the output shaft. With this special feature, performance might be affected when extreme conditions exist. Overall efficiency may be reduced slightly.

Corrosion Protected

A Series motors are available with a corrossion resistant coating for use in an hostile environment. This coating protects the motor from salt water and various chemicals. It is especially effective in marine, food processing, car wash, fishing, and agricultural applications. Shaft plating helps eliminate seal damage caused by these caustic or acid materials on this otherwise unprotected shaft sealing area. Corrosion protected motors are available with just the output shaft plated, or protected with an entire motor exterior coating.

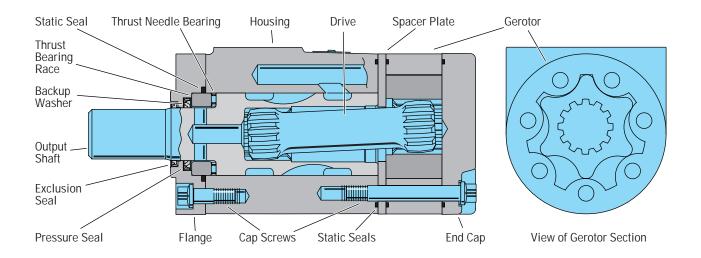
Catalog Contents

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^{*} Contact your Eaton Representative



Specifications A Series



Specification Data—A Series

Displ. cm ³ /[in ³ /r]	/r	36 [2.2]	46 [2.8]	59 [3.6]	74 [4.5]	97 [5.9]	120 [7.3]	146 [8.9]	159 [9.7]	185 [11.3]	231 [14.1]	293 [17.9]
Max. Spee	d (RPM) @ s Flow	1021	973	762	610	468	375	308	282	243	195	153
Flow LPM	Continuous	38 [10]	45 [12]	45 [12]	45 [12]	45 [12]	45 [12]	45 [12]	45 [12]	45 [12]	45 [12]	45 [12]
[GPM]	Intermittent	38 [10]	57 [15]	57 [15]	57 [15]	57 [15]	57 [15]	57 [15]	57 [15]	57 [15]	57 [15]	57 [15]
Torque Nm	Continuous	33 [294]	44 [391]	50 [442]	66 [582]	88 [778]	101 [891]	123 [1086]	136 [1202]	142 [1254]	157 [1387]	173 [1527]
[lb-in]	Intermittent **	48 [423]	64 [562]	73 [649]	97 [855]	128 [1134]	152 [1342]	185 [1637]	204 [1809]	222 [1965]	257 [2272]	298 [2638]
Min. Starting	@ Cont. Pressure	29 [285]	43 [380]	48 [424]	63 [560]	82 [730]	93 [820]	114 [1010]	124 [1100]	130 [1150]	143 [1270]	160 [1420]
Torque Nm[lb-in]	@ Int. Pressure	46 [410]	62 [550]	70 [623]	94 [830]	121 [1070]	141 [1250]	173 [1530]	189 [1670]	205 [1810]	237 [2100]	278 [2460]
Pressure	Continuous*	83 [1200]	83 [1200]	76 [1100]	76 [1100]	76 [1100]	69 [1000]	69 [1000]	69 [1000]	62 [900]	55 [800]	48 [700]
Δ Bar [Δ PSI]	Intermittent***	117 [1700]	117 [1700]	110 [1600]	110 [1600]	110 [1600]	103 [1500]	103 [1500]	103 [1500]	97 [1400]	90 [1300]	83 [1200]

Maximum Case Pressure - without Case Drain — 103 Bar [1500 PSI] — See Page 16

6B Splined shaft is recommended whenever operating above 282 Nm [2500 lb-in] of torque, especially for those applications subject to frequent reversals (see page 12).

 Δ Bar [Δ PSI]— True pressure difference between inlet port and outlet port.

Continuous Rating — Motor may be run continuously at these ratings.

Intermittent Operation — 10% of every minute.

Recommended Fluids — Premium quality, anti-wear type hydraulic oil. Minimum oil viscosity (at operating temperature)

should be the highest of the following: 100 SUS or $\frac{300 \text{ x Bar}}{\text{RPM}} = \text{SUS}$ $\left[\frac{20 \text{ x PSI}}{\text{RPM}} = \text{SUS}\right]$ (see page 18).

Recommended Maximum System Operating Temp. — Is 82° C [180° F]

Recommended Filtration — per ISO Cleanliness Code, level 18/13

To assure best motor life, run motor for approximately one hour at 30% of rated pressure before application to full load. Be sure motor is filled with fluid prior to any load applications.

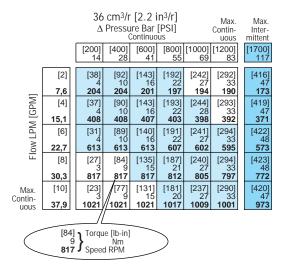
^{*} Maximum intermittent pressure at motor inlet port of 172 Bar [2500 PSI] without regard to Δ Bar [Δ PSI] and/or back pressure ratings or combination thereof.

^{**} A simultaneous maximum torque and maximum speed NOT recommended.



Performance Data A Series

Motors Run with High Efficiency in All Areas Designated with a Number for Torque and Speed, However for Best Motor Life Select a Motor to Run with a Torque and Speed Range shown in the Light Blue Area.



	$\begin{array}{ccc} 46 \text{ cm}^3/\text{r} \left[2.8 \text{ in}^3/\text{r}\right] & \text{Max.} \\ \Delta \text{ Pressure Bar [PSI]} & \text{Continuous} & \text{continuous} \end{array}$													
	[200] [400] [600] [800] [1000] [1200] [1200] [400] [400] [400] [60													
	[2]	[51] 6	[122]	[190] 21	[256] 29	[321]	[388]	[553] 62						
	7,6	162	161	158	155	152	149	136						
	[4]	[50] 6	[121] 14	[190] 21	[256] 29	[324] 37	[389] 44	[557] 63						
	15,1	324	324	320	317	313	308	291						
\mathbb{Z}	[6]	[43] 5	[119] 13	[187] 21	[254] 29	[320] 36	[390] 44	[560] 63						
9	22,7	487	486	482	4 77	473	468	450						
Flow LPM [GPM]	[8]	[38]	[112] 13	[180] 20	[249] 28	[319] 36	[319] 44	[562] 64						
≥	30,3	649	648	643	638	633	627	607						
Flo	[10]	[32] 4	[104] 12	[175] 20	[241] 27	[316] 36	[386] 44	[558] 63						
	37,9	811	810	805	800	793	787	765						
Max.	[12]	[26]	[96]	[168]	[234]	[308]	[379]	[553]						
Contin- uous	45,4	9 73	11 973	20 967	26 962	35 955	43 946	62 922						
Max.	[15]	[20]	[79]	[150]	[223]	[293]	[365]							
Inter-		2	9	17	25	33	41							
mittent 56,8 1216 1215 1207 1200 1191 1181														

		59 cm³/r [3.6 in³/r] Max. Δ Pressure Bar [PSI] Continuous uous											
		[200] 14											
	[2]	[66] 7	[153] 17	[236] 27	[318] 36	[400] 45	[441] 50	[646] 73					
	7,6	127	126	125	122	120	118	107					
	[4]	[62] 7	[149] 17	[233] 26	[316] 36	[400] 45	[442] 50	[649] 73					
	15,1	254	254	253	250	246	245	232					
Flow LPM [GPM]	[6] 22,7	[56] 6 381	[145] 16 381	[232] 26 381	[313] 35 378	[395] 45 374	[438] 50 372	[649] 73 359					
.PM [[8]	[50] 6	[138] 16	[222] 25	[306] 35	[392] 44	[435] 49	[649] 73					
٧L	30,3	508	508	508	505	501	499	485					
Flo	[10]	[40] 5	[128] 14	[213] 24	[297] 34	[386] 44	[428] 48	[640] 72					
	37,9	635	635	635	633	628	626	611					
Max. Contin-	[12]	[30] 3	[117] 13	[204] 23	[287] 32	[375] 42	[419] 47	[632] 71					
uous	45,4	762	762	762	760	755	752	737					
Max.	[15]	[18]	[95]	[181]	[269]	[356]	[398]						
Inter- mittent	56,8	9 53	11 953	20 953	30 949	40 943	45 940						

$ \begin{array}{ccc} 74 \text{ cm}^3/\text{r} & [4.5 \text{ in}^3/\text{r}] & \text{Max.} \\ \Delta \text{ Pressure Bar [PSI]} & \text{Contin-Continuous} & \text{cous} \\ \end{array} $												
	[200] [400] [600] [800] [1000] [1100] 14 28 41 55 69 76											
	[2]	[87] 10	[202] 23	[311] 35	[420] 47	[527] 60	[582] 66		[851] 96			
	7,6	101	100	99	97	95	94		94			
	[4]	[83] 9	[198] 22	[307]	[416] 47	[528] 60	[582] 66		[854] 96			
⋝	15,1	203	202	200	198	195	194		184			
Flow LPM [GPM]	[6]	[76] 9	[192] 22	[306]	[413] 47	[521] 60	[578] 65		[855] 97			
≥	22,7	305	304	302	299	296	295		284			
Ä	[8]	[68] 8	[183] 21	[294] 33	[404] 46	[518] 59	[574] 65		[854] 96			
NO.	30,3	407	405	403	400	397	395		384			
됴	[10]	[56]	[171]	[283]	[392]	[510]	[566]		[844]			
		6	19	32	44	58	64		95			
	37,9	508	507	504	501	497	495		484			
Max.	[12]	[43] 5	[157]	[272]	[380]	[496] 56	[554]		[833]			
Contin- uous	45,4	61 0	18 608	31 605	43 602	598	63 596		94 583			
Max.	[15]	[28]	[420]	[242]	[250]	[472]	[520]	_				
Inter-	[15]	[28]	[129] 15	[242] 27	[359] 41	[472] 53	[528] 60					
mittent	56,8	762	760	756	751	747	744					



Performance Data A Series

Motors Run with High Efficiency in All Areas Designated with a Number for Torque and Speed, However for Best Motor Life Select a Motor to Run with a Torque and Speed Range shown in the Light Blue Area.

			Pressu	[5.9] re Bar Continuo [600] 41	[PSI] us		Max. Contin- uous [1100] 76	Max. Inter- mittent [1600] 110				essure	[7.3 ir Bar [P: Continuo [600] 41	SI] ous	Max. Contin- uous [1000] 69	Max. Inter- mittent [1500] 103
[Max. Continuous Max.	[2] 7,6 [4] 15,1 [6] 22,7 [8] 30,3 [10] 37,9 [12] 45,4	[122] 14 78 [113] 13 156 [108] 12 234 [98] 11 312 [78] 9 390 [59] 7 468	[271] 31 76 [265] 30 154 [253] 29 233 [244] 28 311 [230] 26 389 [210] 24 466	[415] 47 75 [405] 46 154 [410] 46 231 [390] 44 309 [373] 42 2387 [359] 41 464	[562] 64 74 [551] 62 152 [547] 62 230 [535] 60 307 [521] 59 384 [504] 57 462	[704] 80 72 [700] 79 149 [693] 78 228 [685] 77 305 [671] 76 382 [651] 74 459	[778] 88 71 [774] 87 148 [767] 87 226 [757] 86 304 [743] 84 381 [728] 82 458	[1133] 128 62 [1134] 128 140 [1132] 128 218 [1127] 127 295 [1113] 126 372 [1095]	Max. Contin- Uous Max.	[2] 7,6 [4] 15,1 [6] 22,7 [8] 30,3 [10] 37,9 [12] 45,4	[156] 18 63 [148] 17 125 [140] 16 188 [125] 14 251 [107] 12 313 [82] 9 375	[342] 39 61 [333] 38 124 [323] 36 188 [311] 35 250 [294] 33 312 [270] 31 374	[525] 59 60 [515] 58 123 [511] 58 186 [494] 56 248 [475] 51 373	[708] 80 59 [701] 79 122 [692] 78 185 [676] 76 247 [660] 75 309 [638] 72 371	[891] 101 57 [885] 100 120 [875] 99 183 [863] 98 245 [846] 96 307 [822] 93 369	[1340] 151 50 [1342] 152 114 [1339] 151 175 [1328] 150 237 [1305] 147 299 [1288] 146 361
Intermittent Liow LPM [GPM]	56,8	146 cm Δ Press [200] 14 [190] 21 51 [180] 20 103 [171] 19 154 [153] 17 206 [130]	19 582 1 ³ /r [8	36 580 .9 in ³ /i	53 577	Max. Continuous [1000] 69 [1086] 123 47 [1079] 122 98 [1067] 121 150 [1053] 119 201 [1032]	78 572 Max Inter- mitten [1500 103 185 41 [1637 185 93 [1633 185 143 [1620 183 194 [1591		Intermittent [GPM]	56,8	[44] 5 469 159 cm Δ Press [200] 14 [212] 24 47 [205] 23 94 [193] 22 141 [172] 19 189 [154]		.7 in ³ /	[800] 55 [952] 108 44 [949] 107 931] 105 139	Max. Continuous [1000] 69 [1202] 136 43 [1194] 135 90 [1179] 133 138 [1161] 131 184 [1139]	Max. Intermittent [1500] 103 [1809] 204 85 [1804] 204 130 [1787] 202 177 [1754]
Max. Contin- uous Max. Inter- mittent	37,9 [12] 45,4 [15] 56,8	[130] 15 256 [100] 11 308 [54] 6 385	37 307 [276] 31 383	[579] 65 255 [555] 63 306 [500] 56 382	[778] 88 304 [731] 83 380	117 252 [1002] 113 303 [959] 108 379	[1591] 172 245 [1570] 177 296		Max. Contin- uous Max. Inter- mittent	37,9 [12] 45,4 [15] 56,8	17 235 [121] 14 282 [65] 7 353	45 235 [371] 42 282 (316] 36 352 e [lb-in] Nm	73 234 [615] 69 281 [561] 63 351	101 233	129 231 [1105] 125 278 [1064] 120 348	[1734] 198 224 [1731] 196 271

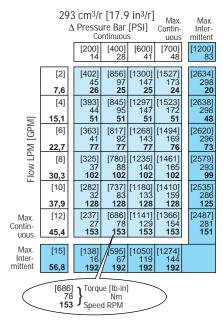


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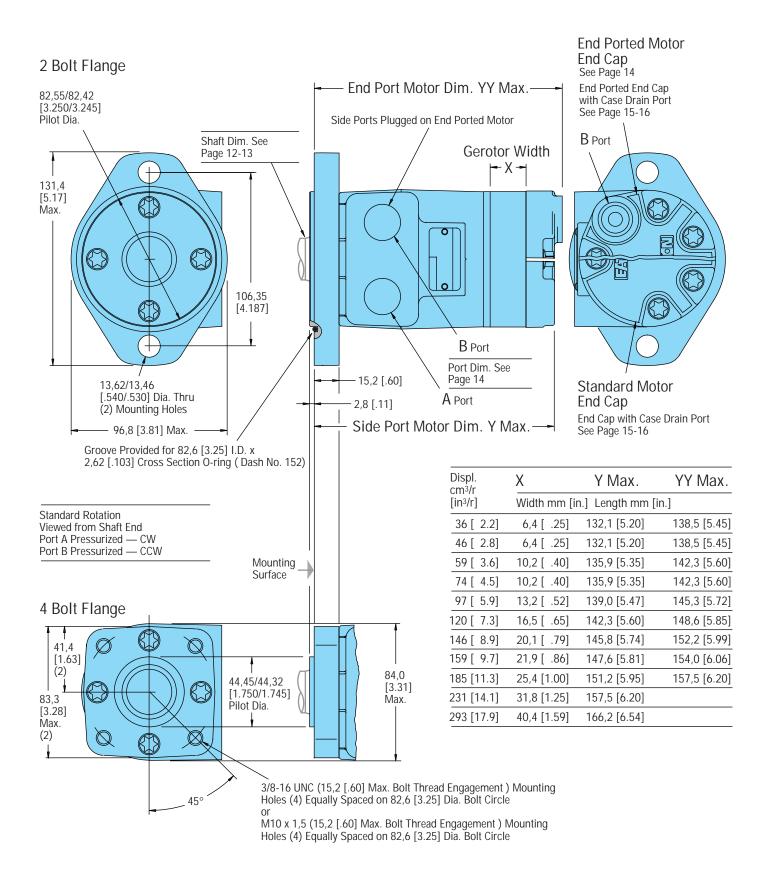
185 cm ³ /r [11.3 in ³ /r]												
		Δ Pres	sure Ba Contin			Contin- uous	Max. Inter- mittent					
	[200] [400] [600] [800] [900] 14 28 41 55 62											
	[2]	[253] 29	[539] 61	[827] 93	125	[1254] 142	[1962] 222					
	7,6	40	40	39	38	37	32					
	[4]	[245] 28 81	[528] 60 81	[817] 92 80	[1106] 125	141	[1965] 222 75					
≥	15,1				79	79						
Flow LPM [GPM]	[6]	[230] 26 121	[516] 58 121	[800] 90 120	[1087] 123 120	[1231] 139 119	[1957] 221 113					
픕	22,7											
-low l	[8] 30,3	[204] 23 162	[495] 56 162	[779] 88 161	[1064] 120 160	[1209] 137 159	[1930] 218 154					
	[10]	[182] 21	[466] 53	[748] 85	[1039] 117	[1183] 134	[1896] 214					
	37,9	202	202	202	201	200	195					
Max. Contin-	[12]	[149] 17	[435] 49	[720] 81	[1006] 114	[1149] 130	[1872] 212					
uous	45,4	243	243	242	241	240	235					
Max.	[4.5]	[0.4]	[070]	[050]	[0.40]	[4000]						
Inter-	[15]	[84] 9	[373] 42	[658] 74	[949] 107	[1093] 123						
mittent	56,8	304	303	302	301	301						

	231 cm ³ /r [14.1 in ³ /r] Δ Pressure Bar [PSI] Continuous uous												
	[200] [400] [600] [800] 14 28 41 55												
	[2]	[323] 36	[678] 77	[1033] 117	[1387] 157	[2270] 256							
	7,6	32	32	31	31	27							
	[4]	[312] 35	76	[1024] 116	[1380] 156	[2272] 257							
Ξ	15,1	65	65	64	64	61							
Flow LPM [GPM]	[6]	[292]	73	114	[1356] 153	[2257] 255							
PM	22,7	97	97	97	97	92							
^	[8]	[261] 29	[619] 70	[975] 110	[1331] 150	[2221] 251							
<u>6</u>	30,3	130	130	130	128	125							
ш.	30,3 [10]	[230] 26	[583] 66	[929] 105	[1294] 146	[2187] 247							
	37,9	162	162	162	161	158							
Max. Contin-	[12]	[196] 22	[545] 62	[904] 102	[1259] 142	[2154] 243							
uous	45,4	195											
Max.	[15]	[116]	[472]	[826]	[1158]								
Inter- mittent	56,8	13 243	53 243	71 243	134 242								





Dimensions A Series





Product Numbers A Series 130-xxxx

Product Numbers—A Series

Add three digit prefix —130-to four digit number from chart for complete Product number—Example 130-1243.

Orders will not be accepted without three digit prefix.

			Displ. cm ³ /r	[in³/r] Pro	duct Numb	oer 130-xx	XX						
Mounting	Shaft	Ports	36 [2.2]	46 [2.8]	59 [3.6]	74 [4.5]	97 [5.9]	120 [7.3]	146 [8.9]	159 [9.7]	185 [11.3]	231 [14.1]	293 [17.9]
		7/8-14 O-ring	130-1144	-1013	-1145	-1014	-1015	-1146	-1147	-1016	-1089	-1148	-1149
	1 in. Straight w/Woodruff Key	1/2 NPTF	130-1150	-1009	-1155	-1010	-1011	-1152	-1153	-1012	-1084	-1154	-1155
	w/woodrun key	3/4-16 End Ports	130-1156	-1045	-1157	-1046	-1047	-1158	-1159	-1048	-1160	-1161	-1162
	4. 0	7/8-14 O-ring	130-1123	-1069	-1124	-1070	-1071	-1125	-1126	-1072	-1127	-1128	-1129
2 Bolt	1 in. Straight w/ .31 Dia. Crosshole	1/2 NPTF	130-1130	-1065	-1131	-1066	-1067	-1132	-1133	-1068	-1134	-1135	-1136
	- Diar Grossileis	3/4-16 End Ports	130-1137	-1053	-1138	-1054	-1055	-1139	-1140	-1056	-1141	-1142	-1143
	1 in. SAE 6B Splined	7/8-14 O-ring	130-1163	-1029	-1164	-1030	-1031	-1165	-1166	-1032	-1167	-1168	-1169
		1/2 NPTF	130-1170	-1025	-1171	-1026	-1027	-1172	-1173	-1028	-1174	-1175	-1176
		3/4-16 End Ports	130-1177	-1049	-1178	-1050	-1051	-1179	-1180	-1052	-1181	-1182	-1183
		7/8-14 O-ring	130-1205	-1005	-1206	-1006	-1007	-1207	-1208	-1008	-1209	-1210	-1211
	1 in. Straight w/Woodruff Key	1/2 NPTF	130-1212	-1001	-1213	-1002	-1003	-1214	-1215	-1004	-1216	-1217	-1218
	w/woodrun key	3/4-16 End Ports	130-1219	-1033	-1220	-1034	-1035	-1221	-1222	-1036	-1223	-1224	-1225
4 Dalk	4. 0	7/8-14 O-ring	130-1184	-1061	-1185	-1062	-1063	-1186	-1187	-1064	-1188	-1189	-1190
4 Bolt Flange	1 in. Straight w/ .31 Dia. Crosshole	1/2 NPTF	130-1191	-1057	-1192	-1058	-1059	-1193	-1194	-1060	-1195	-1196	-1197
3		3/4-16 End Ports	130-1198	-1041	-1199	-1042	-1043	-1200	-1201	-1044	-1202	-1203	-1204
		7/8-14 O-ring	130-1226	-1021	-1227	-1022	-1023	-1228	-1229	-1024	-1230	-1231	-1232
	1 in. SAE 6B Splined	1/2 NPTF	130-1223	-1017	-1234	-1018	-1019	-1235	-1236	-1020	-1237	-1238	-1239
	Эринси	3/4-16 End Ports	130-1240	-1037	-1241	-1038	-1039	-1242	-1243	-1040	-1244	-1245	-1246

130-1243

For A Series motors with a configuration *Not Shown* in the chart above: Use the model code number system on page 19 to specify the product in detail.



Shaft Side Load Capacity A Series

The hydrodynamic bearing has infinite life when shaft load ratings are not exceeded. Hence, the shaft side load capacity is more than adequate to handle most externally applied loads (such as belts, chains, etc.), providing the motor to shaft size is applied within its torque rating.

Allowable side load chart, shaft load location drawing and load curves (below) are based on the side / radial loads being applied to shaft at locations A, B, and C, to determine the shaft side load capacity at locations other than those shown use the formula (shown below). For more information about shaft side loads on Char-Lynn motors contact your Eaton representative.

Sideload P kg =
$$\frac{900}{N}$$
 $\left(\frac{16800}{L + 96,3}\right)$ for 200-900 RPM Sideload P [lb] = $\frac{900}{N}$ $\left(\frac{1460}{L + [3.79]}\right)$ for 200-900 RPM

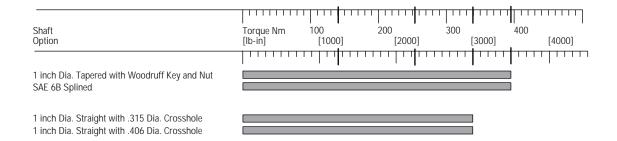
Where N = Shaft Speed (RPM)
L = Distance from Mounting Surface

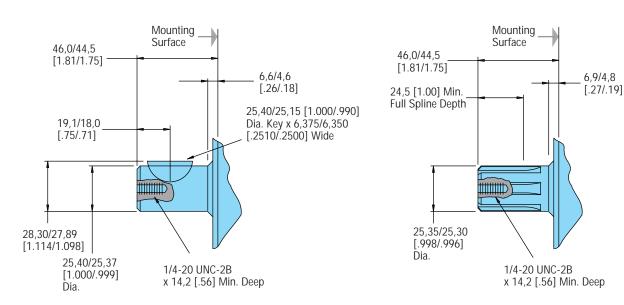
DDM	Allowable Shaft S	Gide Load —Kg [lb]		← L →
RPM	A	В	С	
900	154 [339]	136 [300]	118 [261]	45,2 [1.78]
625	205 [452]	181 [400]	158 [348]	26,9 [1.06]
500	256 [565]	227 [500]	197 [435]	D D
400	307 [678]	272 [600]	237 [522]	12,7 [.50]
300	410 [904]	363 [800]	316 [696]	C B A
200	718 [1582]	635 [1400]	552 [1216]	
Si Lo	[140]	00]	A B C	Mounting Surface
	0 -	0 100	700 200	400 500 400 700 000
	0 Shaft	0 100 Speed (RPM)	200 300	400 500 600 700 800 900



Dimensions — Shafts A Series

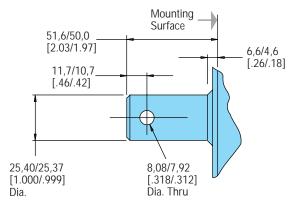
Shaft Size /Motor Torque Combination Limit Guide



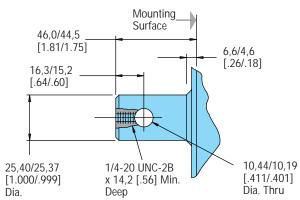


1 in. Dia. Straight with Woodruff Key

SAE 6B Splined Shaft



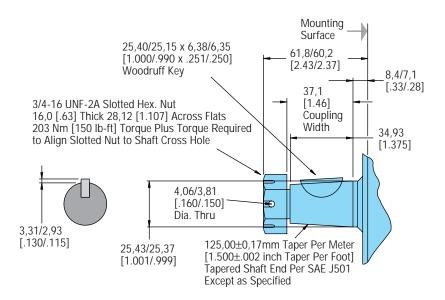
1 in. Dia. Straight Shaft with .315 Dia. Crosshole



1 in. Dia. Straight Shaft with .406 Dia. Crosshole



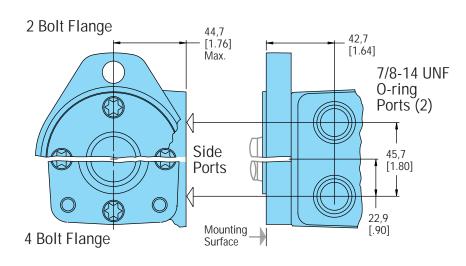
Dimensions — Shafts A Series

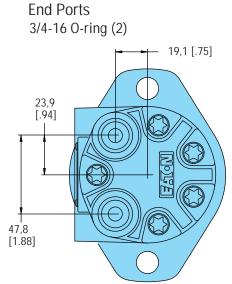


1 in. Dia. Tapered Shaft with Woodruff Key and Nut



Dimensions — Ports A Series





Use of Teflon Tape Sealant/Lubricant (with 1/2 14 NPTF Port Connectors only). When using fittings with Teflon tape, be careful when taping and tightening. Over tightening or

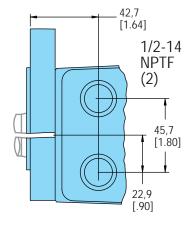


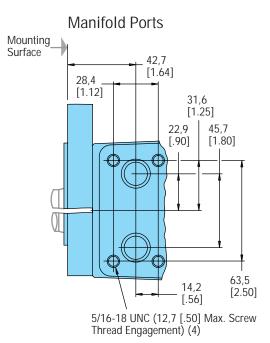


improperly taped fittings can cause damage to housing or leakage.

- Use the following procedures:

 Wrap approx. 1 1/2 Turns of 13 mm [1/2 in.] wide Teflon Tape around fitting threads — start tape 2 threads up from end of fitting.
- Tighten threads to a Maximum of 34 Nm [25 lb-ft]. Do Not Tighten Further —
- If fittings leak when tightened to maximum torque, either retape, reseal, or replace fittings.







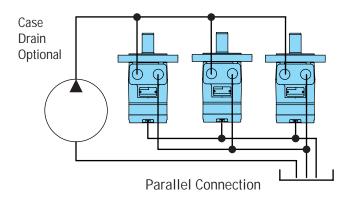
Case Pressure and Case Drain — A Series

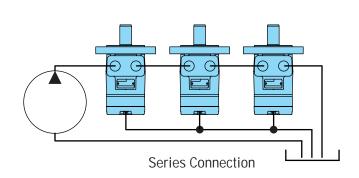
Parallel or Series Connection

Hydraulic lines bringing pressurized fluid from the pump to the motor and return flow from the motor back to tank can be flexible or ridged. One power source and one pump can be sized to supply one motor or many motors. Furthermore, one pump and multiple motors can be connected in series or in parallel (see each type of connection shown below). When connecting the pump to the motors in series excess internal case pressure is created in the motor, this excess pressure in each motor must be ported back to tank. However, when making a parallel connection from the pump to the motors no excess case pressure will be added. Hence, using the case drain ports are not necessary. Meanwhile, take a look at the application and see if this optional case drain port can be connected to your advantage, wether it be a single motor to pump connection, multiple motors connected to pump in parallel, as well as multiple motors connected to pump in series...

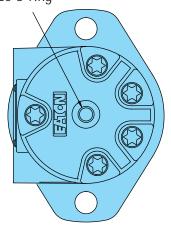
...Case Drain Advantage — In addition to providing lower case pressures for motors connected in series, there are advantages for adding an external case drain line to motors with normal case pressures as well. These advantages are: Contamination Control — flushing the motor case. Cooler Systems — exiting oil draws motor heat away. Extend Motor Seal Life — maintain low case pressure with a preset restriction installed in the case drain line.

Motors ordered with case drain port will be shipped with steel hex socket plug installed in that end cap drain port.

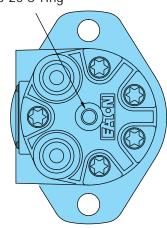




A Series with Case Drain Port — 7/16-20 O-ring



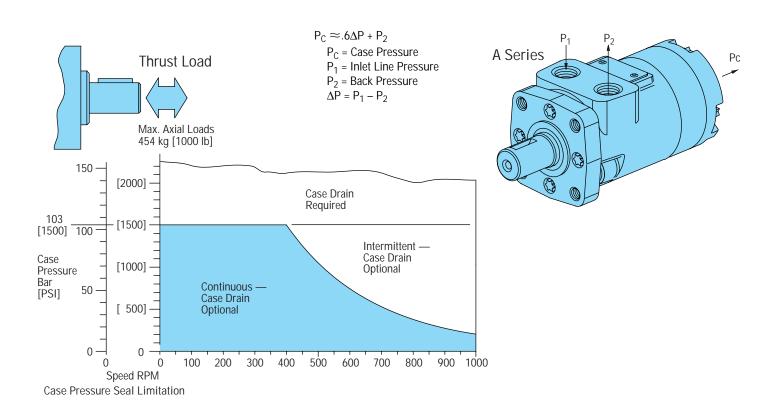
A Series with End Ports and Case Drain Port — 7/16-20 O-ring





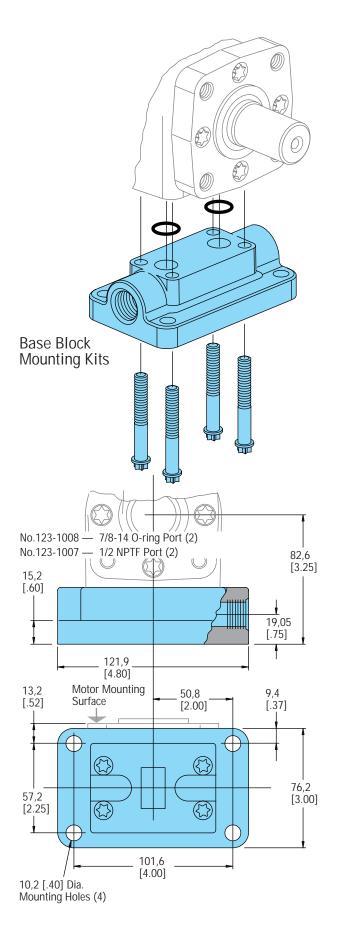
Case Pressure and Case Drain — A Series

Char-Lynn A Series motors are durable and have long life as long as the recommended case pressure is not exceeded. Allowable case pressure is highest at low shaft speeds. Consequently, motor life will be shortened if case pressure exceeds these ratings (acceptability may vary with application). Finally, determine if an external case drain is required (see case pressure seal limition chart below — chart based on case pressure and shaft speed). In conclusion, if a case drain line is needed, connect drain line to assure that the motor will always remain full of fluid. However, a pressure restriction should be added to the case drain line, during which a motor case pressure of 3,5 Bar [50 PSI] is maintained.





Dimensions — Mounting Options A Series





Fluid Recommendations A Series

Introduction

The ability of Eaton hydraulic components to provide the desired performance and life expectancy depends largely on the fluid used. The purpose of this section is to provide readers with the knowledge required to select the appropriate fluids for use in systems that employ Eaton hydraulic components.

One of the most important characteristics to consider when choosing a fluid to be used in a hydraulic system is viscosity. Viscosity choice is always a compromise; the fluid must be thin enough to flow easily but thick enough to seal and maintain a lubricating film between bearing and sealing surfaces. Viscosity requirements, see chart below.

Viscosity and Temperature

Fluid temperature affects viscosity. In general, as the fluid warms it gets thinner and its viscosity decreases. The opposite is true when fluid cools. When choosing a fluid, it is important to consider the start-up and operating temperatures of the hydraulic system. Generally, the fluid is thick when the hydraulic system is started. With movement, the fluid warms to a point where a cooling system begins to operate.

From then on, the fluid is maintained at the temperature for which the hydraulic system was designed. In actual applications this sequence varies; hydraulic systems are used in many environments from very cold to very hot. Cooling systems also vary from very elaborate to very simple, so ambient temperature may affect operating temperature. Equipment manufacturers who use Eaton hydraulic components in their products should anticipate temperature in their designs and make the appropriate fluid recommendations to their customers.

Cleanliness

Cleanliness of the fluid in a hydraulic system is extremely important. Eaton recommends that the fluid used in its hydraulic components be maintained at ISO Cleanliness Code 18/13 per SAE J1165. This code allows a maximum of 2500 particles per milliliter greater than 5 μm and a maximum of 80 particles per milliliter greater than 15 μm . Cleanliness requirements for specific products are given in the table below

OEM's and distributors who use Eaton hydraulic components in their products should provide for these requirements in their designs.

A reputable filter supplier can supply filter information.

Fluid Maintenance

Maintaining correct fluid viscosity and cleanliness level is essential for all hydraulic systems. Since Eaton hydraulic components are used in a wide variety of applications it is impossible for Eaton to publish a fluid maintenance schedule that would cover every situation. Field testing and monitoring are the only ways to get accurate measurements of system cleanliness. OEM's and distributors who use Eaton hydraulic components should test and establish fluid maintenance schedules for their products. These maintenance schedules should be designed to meet the viscosity and cleanliness requirements laid out in this document.

Fluid Selection

Premium grade petroleum based hydraulic fluids will provide the best performance in Eaton hydraulic components. These fluids typically contain additives that are beneficial to hydraulic systems. Eaton recommends fluids that contain anti-wear agents, rust inhibitors, anti-foaming agents, and oxidation inhibitors. Premium grade petroleum based hydraulic fluids carry an ISO VG rating.

SAE grade crankcase oils may be used in systems that employ Eaton hydraulic components, but it should be noted that these oils may not contain all of the recommended additives. This means using crankcase oils may increase fluid maintenance requirements.

Hydraulic fluids that contain V.I. (viscosity index) improvers, sometimes called multi-viscosity oils, may be used in systems that employ Eaton hydraulic components. These V.I. improved fluids are known to "shear-down" with use. This means that their actual viscosity drops below the rated value. Fluid maintenance must be increased if V.I. improved

fluids are used. Automotive automatic transmission fluids contain V.I. improvers.

Synthetic fluids may be used in Eaton hydraulic components. A reputable fluid supplier can provide information on synthetic fluids. Review applications that require the use of synthetic fluids with your Eaton representative.

Product Line	Viscosity		ISO Cleanliness
Product Line	Minimum	Best Range	Requirements
A Series	100 SUS 20 cSt	100-200 SUS 20-43 cSt	18/13

Additional Notes:

- Fluids too thick to flow in cold weather start-ups will cause pump cavitation and possible damage. Motor cavitation is not a problem during cold start-ups.
- When choosing a hydraulic fluid, all the components in the system must be considered and the best viscosity range adjusted accordingly. For example, when a medium duty piston pump is combined with a Geroler motor the best viscosity range becomes 100 150 SUS [20 32 cSt] and viscosity should never fall below 70 SUS [13 cSt].
- If the natural color of the fluid has become black it is possible that an overheating problem exists.
- If the fluid becomes milky a water contamination problem may exist.
- Take fluid level reading when the system is cold.
- Contact your Eaton representative if you have specific questions about the fluid requirements of Eaton hydraulic components.



Model Code for A Series Motors

The following 15-digit coding system has been developed to identify all of the configuration options for the A Series Motor. Use this model code to specify a motor with the desired features. All 15-digits of the code must be present when ordering. You may want to photocopy the matrix below to ensure that each number is entered in the correct box.

Model Code — A Series Spool Valve Motors

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
М	0	Α											0	0

Position 1 Product Series
M Motor
Position 2, 3 A Series
OA A Series
Position 4, 5 Displacement cm³/r [in³/r]
02 36 [2.2]
03
04 59 [3.6]
05
06 97 [5.9]
07 120 [7.3]
09 146 [8.9]
10 159 [9.7]
11 185 [11.3]
14 231 [14.1]
18 293 [17.9]
Position 6 Mounting Flange
A
[.535] Dia. Mounting Holes 106,2 [4.18] Dia. B.C.
B
E 4 Bolt (Standard) 44,4 [1.75] Pilot Dia. and M10 x 1,5
Mounting Holes 82,6 [3.25] Dia. B.C.
Position 7, 8 Output Shaft
01 1 inch Dia. Straight with Woodruff Key and 1/4-20 Threaded Hole
02 1 inch Dia. SAE 6B Splined with 1/4-20 Threaded Hole
07
08
18 1 inch Dia. Tapered with Woodruff Key and Nut
27 1 inch Dia. Straight with Woodruff Key and 1/4-20
Threaded Hole (Plated for Corrosion Protection)

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